	درسنیا میہ زیان آئےکلیےسے نے سےم
	آزمون تشخيصي از كتاب هشتم
n	1. A: Are you from England? B: Yes, I'm
	1. French 2. British 3. Spanish 4. German
5	2. Elham is my friend. Can you help?
	1. him 2. her 3. his 4. she
	3. Today is Monday. The day after tomorrow is
3	1. Friday2. Sunday3. Tuesday4. Wednesday
	4. A: do you go shopping? B: Every Monday morning.
	1. When 2. Where 3. What days 4. <u>1</u> and <u>3</u>
7	5. Who has a good ability at writing for a newspaper?
	1. Sportsman2. Dentist3. Journalist4. Shopkeeper
	6. A: Can you the Holy Quran? B: Yes, I
	1. read, can't2. recite, can3. do, am4. study, am
	7. Are you Ok? No, I have a in my leg.
	1. pain2. ache3. flu4. sore
ارموز	8. Tehran is for Millad Tower.
رمون سحيمي	1. good2. famous3. big4. old
z	9. Spring, summer, fall and winter are different in our country.
	1. weather2. mountains3. places4. seasons
	10. Which one is different based on pronunciation?
	1. ba <u>th</u> 2. <u>th</u> e 3. <u>th</u> ink 4. <u>th</u> ank
6	11. A: Do you in the park in your free time? B: Yes, I do.1. walk2. go3. have4. like
	12. Teacher: How do you say "o o" in the word "school"? Student: The sound is
	1. short2. long3. tall4. small

│	حکالیے۔سے دیے	ـه ربـان اب	د رستــــا هـــــ			
13. Is Mina good	at	?				
1. draw	2. swim	3. read	4. searching the web			
14. What do you do as a hobby? I love reading magazines and						
1. poems 2. clothes		3. parents	4. shrines			
<ul> <li>15. Teacher: Who is good at making a cake? Student:</li></ul>						
<ul><li>16. They watch 1</li><li>1. in the eveni</li><li>3. in the after</li></ul>	0	watch TV 2. in the mo 4. at night				
17. Which one is 1. Watching m 3. Running nos	novies	oy in their free 2. Go shoppi 4. Walking in	•			
18. Stomachache 1. health prob 3. daily abilitie		e students' 2. great adv 4. weekly ac	ices			
		يتفاوت است؟	19. كدام كلمه از نظر مفهوم با بقيه ه			
1. French	2. Spain	3. British	4. Portuguese	Į.		
			20.كدام گزينه صحيح است؟			
1. How do you	1. How do you like it in I sfahan?					
2. What do yo	2. What do you do on afternoon?					
3. Come my ho	ouse this afternoo	n.				
4. We can hav	e special downtow	ın food.				

	نه	ن ان_گلی_سے	ـــا هـــه زبـار	د رسن	
	Less	son 1	Personality	/	
Ę					
	angry	brave	careless	cruel	
	عصبانی	شجاع	بی دقت	بي رحم	
				wa ha	
	rude	nervous	quiet	funny	
	بی ادب	عصبى	آرام	خنده دار	
and the second s				7	
	selfish	neat	polite	patient	
	خودخواه	مرتب و منظم	مودب	صبور	
and the second sec					
	lazy	shy	a pleasant environment		
	تنبل	خجالتي	ط دلپذیر	وتحد	

درساول



احسان: چه کسی در مدرسه بهترین دوست شما است؟ يرهام: رضا. احسان: او چه طور آدمی است؟ پرهام: اوه، او واقعاً عالى است! او باهوش و مهربان است. احسان: آیا او سخت کوش نیز است؟ پرهام: بله! و او همیشه بسیار مفید است. (به درد بخور است.) احسان: چطورى؟ پرهام: او هميشه به من در درس هايم كمك مي كند.

hard-working	تلاشگر	generous	بخشنده
serious	جدی	upset	ناراحت
kind	مهربان	talkative	پرحرف
helpful	مفيد، سودمند	clever	باهوش
actor	بازیگر	waiter	پيشخدمت
related	مر تبط	Contracted form	شكل مخفف





Are you hard-working?	Yes, I am.	
Is he clever?	Yes, he is.	5.00
Is Zahra talkative?	No, she isn't.	
Are they neat?	Yes, they are.	EV.
Are they upset?	No, they're not.	

Practice 2

Talking about personality (2)

Listen to the examples. Then ask and answer with a friend.



What's your friend like?He's very funny.What's your mother like?She's very kind and patient.What's he like?He's quiet.What's she like?She is clever.What are you like?I 'm a bit serious.What are they like?They are very kind.

## Language Melody

Listen to the conversation and pay attention to the intonations of "affirmative" sentences.

Teacher: Farzaneh is a clever student. Everybody likes her.

Samira: Yes. I know. She is also very helpful.

Teacher: Well, you can ask her for help.

Samira: Ok, I'll ask her to help me with my English.

Listen to the sentences below and then practice.

- 1. He's very kind.
- 3. You are very clever.
- 5. I do my homework.

- 2. She's very patient.
  - 4. Everybody likes her.
  - 6. She works for a company.

۱.

درساول

Intonation يعنى آهنگ بالا و پايين رفتن صدا در هنگام صحبت.

آهنگ خیزان rising و افتان falling : آهنگ صدا در جملات مثبت، افتان (نزولی) است.

یعنی میزان صدای ما زمانی که به انتهای جمله نزدیک می شویم کاهش می یابد.

Talk to Your Teacher

Let me check it in the dictionary.







درسنیا میله زیان انگلیاستا دیم
نا المالي ال
در زبان انگلیسی هر جمله حداقل از سه قسمت تشکیل شده است:
کامل کننده ی جمله + فعل + فاعل = جمله خبری
ا am a student. دئال:
فاعل چیست؟ فاعل یعنی کننده کار. فاعل در اول جمله خبری میآید.
مثال: على به مدرسه مىرود. (على فاعل جمله است.)
ضمير چيست؟
ضمیرکلمهای است که به جای اسم مینشیند و از تکرار آن جلو گیری میکند.

(اول شخص مفرد)	من	(اول شخص جمع)	ما
(دوم شخص مفرد)	تو	(دوم شخص جمع)	شما
(سوم شخص مفرد)	او	(سوم شخص جمع)	آنها

افعال to be (کمکی) درزمان حال عبارتند از:

مثال: على به مدرسه مىرود. او به مدرسه مىرود.

پس ضمایر فاعلی هم در اول جمله می آیند.

ضمایر فاعلی در فارسی عبارتند از:

(دراین جمله او ضمیر است که به جای علی نشسته است.)

- او ضمیر فاعلی است زیراکه به جای فاعل جمله آمده است.

are هستی، هستیم، هستید، هستند is هست am هستم

ضمایر فاعلی با افعال to be در زمان حال عبارتند از:

ضماير فاعلى	فعل	مخفف	ضماير فاعلى	فعل	مخفف
I	am	l'm	We	are	We're
You	are	You're	You	are	You're
He	is	He's	They	are	They're
She	is	She's			
١t	is	lt's			

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っっろ

درسند کریم کندهٔ جمله، اسم مفرد باشد قبل از آن، حرف a یا an (به معنی یک) را می نویسیم. توجه: اگر کامل کنندهٔ جمله، اسم مفرد باشد قبل از آن، حرف a یا an (به معنی یک) را می نویسیم. ضمایر He و He برای انسان و ضمیر I l برای اشیاء و حیوانات به کار می رود. به این ضمایر سوم شخص مفرد گفته می شود. اسم اشخاص اگر به تنهایی در جمله نوشته شود سوم شخص مفرد به حساب می آید. مثال: Ali is a student. **صفت:** برای توصیف افراد و یا اشیاء از کلماتی استفاده می کنیم که صفت نام دارند. پس صفت کلمه ای است که به وسیله ی آن، افراد و یا اشیاء از کلماتی استفاده می کنیم که صفت نام دارند. پس صفت کلمه ای است که به neat, brave, careful, angry, nervous, clever, kind, careless, patient, selfish, rude, quiet, funny, cruel

1. صفت ها معمولاً پس ازفعل ( ... , to be (am, is, are, ... ) عدر جمله قرار می گیرند.
He is polite. They are clever.
He is a kind boy.
2. صفت قبل از اسم می آید.
8. صفت جمع بسته نمی شود.
9. صفت جمع بسته نمی شود.
8. صفت جمع بسته نمی شود.
9. منابع می تویسیم و در آخرجمله علامت ( am, is, are ) را در اول جمله می نویسیم و در آخرجمله علامت سوالی می گذاریم.

مثال: جملهٔ زیر را سوالی کنید.

He is a student. Is he a student?

They are careful. Are they careful?

روش جواب کوتاه دادن به شکل مثبت:

در پاسخ کوتاه به صورت مثبت ، با توجه به فاعل در جملهٔ سوالی، ابتدا ضمیر فاعلی مناسب و سپس فعل را می نویسیم.

Yes, فعل + ضمير فاعلى to be ( am , is , are ). برای نوشتن جواب بلند يا کامل، جای فعل to be ( am , is , are ) to be و فاعل جملهٔ سوالی را عوض می کنيم و جمله را به صورت کامل می نويسيم.

مثال: به سوال زیر جواب کوتاه و بلند بدهید.

Is he a student? Is he is a student? ie esh: ves, he is. ie esh: crylmet کوتاه اسم اشخاص به کار نمی رود و به جای آن، از ضمیر فاعلی استفاده می کنیم. Is Ali a doctor? Yes, he is. He is a doctor. is a doctor. ie esh is a bir on on one of the order of the order of the order. ie esh is a loct or one of the order of the order of the order. is esh is a context of the order of the order of the order of the order. is esh is a loct order of the order of t

1. Are you a student? Yes, I am. I'm a student.

2. Are you students? Yes, we are. We're students.

روش جمع بستن: برای تبدیل کردن یک اسم مفرد به یک اسم جمع، ابتدا حرف a یا an (به معنی یک ) را از اول اسم حذف کرده و به آخر آن، حرف <u>s</u> را اضافه می کنیم. توجه1: اگر آخر اسم به ( o, s,ss, x, z, ch, sh ) ختم شود هنگام جمع بستن به آخر آن (es) اضافه می کنیم. مثال:

گاهی حرف 0 استثناء دارد. مثال: (radio: radios) )

مفرد	a book	an apple	a dish	a bus	a watch	a box
جمع	books	apples	dish <u>es</u>	bus <u>es</u>	watch <u>es</u>	box <u>es</u>

توجه2: اگر حرف آخر کلمه ای یکی از صداهای (f, k, p, t ) باشد، S صدای (س) و بعد از صداهای دیگر، S صدای (ز) می دهد.

توجه3: اگر حرف آخر کلمه ای یکی ازصداهای (z, x, ch, sh, s) باشد، es صدای (ایز) می دهد.

/s/	/z/	/Iz/
books	pens	bus <u>es</u>
cats	boys	watch <u>es</u>
maps	teachers	box <u>es</u>

13

טעש

#### رسنـــا هــــه زبـان انــكـليـســه

روش منفی کردن: برای منفی کردن جملات در زبان انگلیسی بعد ازافعال (to be (am, is, are قید منفی not قید منفی م می کنیم. مثال: جملات زیر را منفی کنید.

- 1. I am a doctor. I am not a doctor.
- 2. They are tables. They are not tables.

در هر جمله می توان: به یکی از دو حالت زیراز شکل مخفف استفاده کرد. 1. فاعل و فعل را به صورت مخفف نوشت.

1. <u>They're not chairs</u>.

2. فعل و قید منفی را به صورت مخفف نوشت.

2. They aren't chairs.

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شکل کوتاه (مخفف ) افعال to be و قید منفی not به صورت زیر می باشد.

I'm not	مخفف ندارد	We're not	We aren't
You're not	You aren't	You're not	You aren't
He's not	He isn't	They're not	They aren't
She's not	She isn't		
It's not	It isn't		

I am not talkative. = I'm not talkative.

He is not shy. = He's not shy. = He isn't shy.

They are not rude. = They're not rude. = They aren't rude.

**روش جواب کوتاه به شکل** منفی: در پاسخ دادن به سوالات به صورت منفی، با توجه به فاعل درجمله سوالی، ابتدا ضمیر فاعلی مناسب و بعد فعل را همراه با not می نویسیم.

No, فعل + ضمير فاعلى to be { 'm not, isn't, aren't }.

مثال: به سوالات زير جواب كوتاه و بلند بدهيد. 1. Is he a doctor? No, he isn't. He's not a doctor. 2. Are you a teacher? No, I'm not. I'm not a teacher. توجه:ضمایر اشاره this, that, these, those , در پاسخ کوتاه به کار نمی روند. 1. Is this a pen? Yes, it is. 2. Is this boy a student? No, he isn't. There is وجود دارد با هست There are وجود دارند با هستند بعد از There is اسم مفرد می آید. بعد از There are اسم جمع می آید. ( a book - an apple - one bus ) اسم مفرد + There is There are + اسم جمع ( many books - two apples - five buses ) روش سوالی کردن با there is و there are هنگام سوالي كردن Is و Are را در اول جمله مي نويسيم و در آخرجمله علامت سوالي مي گذاريم. مثال: جملات زير را سوالي كنيد. 1. There is an eraser in the classroom. Is there an eraser in the classroom? 2. There are fifteen benches in the classroom.

Are there fifteen benches in the classroom?

روش منفی کردن:

هنگام منفی کردن بعد از is و are قید منفی not را اضافه می کنیم.

مثال: جملات زیر را منفی کنید.

1. There is a computer in the classroom.

There <u>is not</u> a computer in the classroom.

2. There are two boys in the park.

There are not two boys in the park.

Find and underline "to be" verbs in the passage below.

I'm Mohsen. This is my classroom. There are 25 students in my class.

ـه ز سـان ان گل

I have a lot of friends. My best friend is Vahid. He's a good student.

He is helpful and hard-working, but he is not very careful.

He usually forgets important things. It's a big problem.

جاهای خالی را با افعال to be پر کنید.

## Fill in the blanks. (to be verbs)

I am Ali Rasooli. I am 14 years old. I go to Shahid Kazemi School. My school is beautiful. There are 30 students in my class. My classmates are clever and friendly. Mr. Ahmadi is our English teacher. He is hard-working but he isn't nervous at all. He's very kind and patient.

دوست شما برای معرفی خودش به زبان انگلیسی متنی را نوشته و از شما خواسته آن را اصلاح نمایید. (4 غلط) Edit the following text. (four mistakes)

I'm Maryam Bakhtiari. I am 13 years old. I live in Shahr-e-Kord.

People of my city are very kind. In spring and summer there are many tourists in Shahr-e-Kord. They like our city very much. My brothers are very helpful to the tourists. They help them visit the city.

## Underline "to be verbs".

در متن زیر افعال to be را مشخص کنید.

I'm Ino Hitachi. I am 14 years old. I am Japanese. I live in Tokyo, the capital of Japan. People of my country are very kind and hard-working. They are also very busy and serious. There are many cities and villages in my country. About 127 million people live in Japan. I love my country very much. I also like to visit other countries.

با توجه به متن بالا، به پرسش های زیر پاسخ دهید.

# Answer the following questions.

- 1. How old is Ino Hitachi? He is 14 years old.
- 2. Where is he from? He is Japanese.
- 3. What are Japanese people like? They are very kind and hard-working.
- 4. Are there many cities and villages in Japan? Yes, there are.



درساول



A. Listen to the conversation and fill out the table below.

Name	Personality



- B. Listen to the audio and answer the questions below.
- 1. What's I ran like? I ran is a ..... country.
- 2. What are I ranian people like?



っ う う



6. با توجه به تصاویر، به سوالات معلم پاسخ دهید.						
Teacher: Are they quiet?						
Student:						
Teacher: What is he like?						
Student:						
7. کلمات زیر را مرتب کرده و جملات درستی بنویسید.						
1. am, I, nervous, not, .						
2. our, house, two, rooms, are, in, there, .						
3. there, an, orange, table, is, on the,?						
4. and, you, your friend, selfish, not, are,.						
5. Mina, is, careless,?						

8. با توجه به تصاویر و حروف داده شده، کلمهٔ صحیح بسازید.

י ה ש

5

19



**9.** جملات زیر را با کلمات مناسب کامل کنید. یک کلمه اضافی است.

generous - her - with - clever - selfish

- 1. Fatemeh is a clever student. Everybody likes .......
- 2. I'll ask her to help me ..... my English.
- 4. Zahra is a ...... girl. She always gives her friends what they want. 10. درمتن زیر چهار اشتباه گرامری است. آنها را پیدا کرده و صحیح آنها را بنویسید.

We're from Iran. Iran's a old country. Iranians is very brave, and so kind. We all like Iran. There's many cities and villages in Iran. Many tourists is in Iran in spring and summer.

	<b>∧€</b>	انےکےلیے۔سے ن	هــــه زبـان	د رسنــــا		
	آزمون ييشرفت تحصيلي					
	1. Mina's room is always clean. She is a n t girl.					
	1. ea	2. ee	3. ae	4. ie		
<b>^</b>	2. He's an	man.				
5		2. rude	3. angry	4. funny		
	3. Farshid is					
	1. nervous	2. upset	3. clever	4. careless		
	4. His friend Arsh	ia always tells jok	es. He is really			
	1. upset	2. quiet	3. neat	4. funny		
	5. We like her	She	is so kind.			
3	1. talkative	2. nationality	3. careful	4. personality		
	6. What's your fri	6. What's your friend? He is and helpful.				
2	1. doing – lazy	2. like – kind	3. doing – cruel	4. like – play		
ł	7. A: Is a person quiet? B: No, she/ he speaks a lot.					
	1. clever	2. serious	3. talkative	4. neat		
	8. I 'm a boy. I can't ask my questions in class.					
	1. brave	2. shy	3. selfish	4. polite		
	9. I have a cold. "Stay at home and relax" is a/an advice.					
	1. short	2. cold	3. angry	4. helpful		
	10. His mother has many problems with him. He is a/an s					
302	1. angry	2. brave	3. careful	4. careless		
ر اول	11. Please be	Ali has a h	eadache.			
	•		3. clever	5 5		
	12. They don't speak with people who are to animals.					
	1. brave	2. good	3. cruel	4. difficult		
		13. Please don't be with me for doing such a big wrong.				
	1. clever	2. neat	3. angry	4. small		
	14. I can't go to th	-	-			
۲.		2. scarf	3. address	4. number		
	15. A: What is you		-			
	1. nervous	2. brave	3. rude	4. shy		

16. Mohsen isn't a(n) student. He usually forgets important things.							
1. careful	2. angry	3. quiet	4. funny				
17. Amir and Poya are not rude. They							
1. are rude	2. isn't rude	3. are polite	4. aren't polite				
18. A: Are you a talkative boy? B: Yes,							
1. Ali is	2. you are	3. I'm not	4. I am				
19. A: I ranian? B: Yes, he is.							
1. Are you	2. Is Maryam	3. Am I	4. Is Sina				
20. A: Are your family members neat? B: Yes,							
1. he is	2. she is	3. they aren't	4. they are				
21. A: Are Amir and Ali angry? B: Yes,							
1. we are	2. he is	3. they are	4. you are				
22. I'm hungry two big restaurants in the center of the city.							
1. There is	2. They are	3. They is	4. There are				
23. A: Is your brother a clever student? B: Yes,							
1. he do	2. she is	3. he is	4. it is				
24. Sara and her family from Rasht.							
1. are	2. is	3. am	4. do				
25. A: Is that girl rude? B: No,							
1. she is	2. She isn't	3. he isn't	4. he is				
26a computer in your class?							
1. Is there	2. There are	3. There is	4. Are there				
27. Mr. Ahmadi is our English teacher. He hardworking but							
henervous at all.							
1. isn't – isn't	2. is – isn't	3. are - aren't	4. is – is				
28. His family small but its members kind and helpful.							
1. is - are	2. is - is	3. are - is	4. are - are				
29. He helps me my lessons.							
1. always - in	2. usually - on	3. always - to	4. usually - with				
30. Mr. Ahmadi is a very teacher. He helps his students very much.							
1. kind	2. careless	3. selfish	4. <u>1</u> & <u>2</u>				

درسنـــا مـــه زبـان انـگلیـســ

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در س اول

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